## LESSON 11

## Rearranging Formulas

## LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Today I am: rearranging formulas.
) So that I can: solve for one variable in a real-life formula.
> Ill know I have it when I can: solve for $m$ in the equation $K=\frac{1}{2} m v^{2}$.

## Exploratory Challenge—Rearranging Familiar Formulas

1. The area $A$ of a rectangle is $25 \mathrm{in}^{2}$. The formula for area i $A=\mathrm{lw}$.
A. If the width $w$ is 10 inches, what is the length?

B. If the width $w$ is 15 inches, what is the length I?



2. A. Joey rearranged the area formula to solve for $l$. His beginning work is shown below. Finish his work to isolate $l$.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{l}
\frac{A}{W}=\frac{l w}{W} \\
\frac{A}{W}=\frac{l w}{W} \\
l=\frac{A}{W}
\end{array}\right.
$$

B. Verify that the area formula, solved for $l$, will give the same results for $l$ as having solved for $l$ in the original area formula. Use both $w$ is 10 inches and $w$ is 15 inches with an area of $25 \mathrm{in}^{2}$.
3. In the first column solve each equation for $x$. Then follow the same steps to solve the "formula" for $x$ in the second column. Remember a variable symbol, like $a, b, c$, and $d$, represents a number. Assume no variable is equal to 0 .

Equation
A. $2 x-6=10$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& +6+6 \\
& \frac{2 x}{2}=\frac{16}{2} \\
& x=8
\end{aligned}
$$

B. $-3 x-3=-12$
$+3+3$
$\frac{-3 x}{-3}=\frac{-9}{-3}$
$x=3$
C. $9-4 x=21$

$$
\text { D. } \begin{aligned}
\frac{3 x-1}{7} & =10 \cdot 2 \\
3 x-1 & =20 \\
+1 & +1 \\
3 x & =21 \\
x & =7
\end{aligned}
$$

E. $\frac{x}{2}+5=15$

$$
\begin{gathered}
2-5-5 \\
2 \cdot \frac{x}{2}=10 \cdot 2 \\
x=20
\end{gathered}
$$

"Formula"

$$
\begin{aligned}
a x-b & =c \\
+b & +b \\
\frac{a x}{a} & =\frac{c+b}{a} \\
x & =\frac{c+b}{a}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
-a x-b & =-c \\
+b & +b \\
-a x & =-c+b \\
\frac{-a x}{-a} & =\frac{b-c}{-a} \\
x & =\frac{b-c}{-a} \text { or } \frac{-(b-c)}{a} \\
a-b x & =c \quad \frac{-b+c}{a}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& d \cdot \frac{a x-b}{l}=d \cdot c \\
& a x-b=d \cdot c \\
&+b \\
& a x=d c+b \\
& x=\frac{d c+b}{a} \\
& \frac{x}{a}+b=c \\
& \frac{a \cdot x}{a}=-a(c-b) \\
& x=a(c-b) \\
&=a c-a b
\end{aligned}
$$

A Little More Challenging
4. In the first column, solve each equation for $x$. Then follow the same steps to solve the "formula" for $x$ in the second column. Remember a variable symbol, like $a, b, c$, and $d$, represents a number. Assume no variable is equal to 0 .

Equation
A. $\frac{2 x-6}{5}=10$
"Formula"

$$
\frac{a x-b}{d}=c
$$

D.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\frac{5(3 x-1)}{\frac{5}{8}}=\frac{10}{5} \\
3 x-1=2 \\
3 x=3 \\
x=1
\end{array}
$$

E. $\quad\left(\frac{x}{2}+5\right)=15$

$$
\begin{aligned}
2 x+20 & =15 \\
2 x & =-5 \\
x & =-5 / 2
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c(a x-b)}{c}=\frac{d}{c} \\
& a x-b=\frac{d}{c}+b \\
& \frac{1}{a} \cdot a x=\left(\frac{d}{c}+b\right) \cdot \frac{1}{a} \\
& \left(\frac{x}{a}+b\right)=c \quad x=\frac{1}{a}\left(\frac{d}{c}+b\right) \\
& \frac{d x}{a}+d b=c \\
& -d b-d b
\end{aligned}
$$

$d \cdot \frac{d x}{a}=(c-\alpha b) \cdot a$
$\frac{d x}{d}=\frac{a(c-d b)}{d}$
5. Solve the equation $a x-b=c$ for $a$. The variable symbols $x, b$, and $c$, represent numbers.
6. Complete the chart below.

| Formula | Use the Given Values <br> and Solve | Solve the Formula for <br> One Variable | Use the Given Values <br> and the Equation from <br> the Previous Column <br> then Solve |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The perimeter formula <br> for a rectangle is <br> $\boldsymbol{p}=\mathbf{2}(l+w)$, where $p$ <br> represents the perimeter, <br> $I$ represents the length, <br> and $w$ represents the width. | Calculate $l$ when $p=70$ <br> and $w=15$. | Solve $p=2(l+w)$ for $l$. | Calculate $l$ when $p=70$ <br> and $w=15$. |
| The area formula for a <br> triangle is $A=\frac{1}{2} b h$, where $A$ <br> represents the area, <br> $b$ represents the length of <br> the base, and $h$ represents <br> the height. | Calculate $b$ when $A=100$ <br> and $h=20$. | Solve $A=\frac{1}{2} b h$ for $b$. | Calculate $b$ when <br> $A=100$ and $h=20$. |

7. Rearrange each formula to solve for the specified variable. Assume no variable is equal to 0 .
A. Given $A=P(1+r t)$, solve for $P$.
B. Given $K=\frac{1}{2} m v^{2}$, solve for $m$.

## Solving for $\boldsymbol{y}$

$$
E x: 2 x+3 y=5
$$

Linear equations written in standard form, $A x+B y=C$, are not as useful as linear equations written in slope-intercept form, $y=m x+b$. Solve for $y$ in each standard equation. Then give the slope and $y$-intercept.

|  | Standard Form $\rightarrow$ Slope-Intercept Form (show your work in this space) | Slope-Intercept Form | Slope | $y$-intercept |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | $\begin{aligned} -2 x+y & =5 \\ +2 x & +2 x \\ y & =2 x+5 \end{aligned}$ | $y=2 x+5$ | $\frac{2}{1}$ | $5$ |
| 9. | $\begin{aligned} 3 x+4 y & =12 \\ -3 x \quad & -3 x \\ \frac{4 y}{4} & =\frac{-3 x}{4}+\frac{12}{4} \\ y & =-3 x+3 \end{aligned}$ | $y=\frac{-3}{4} x+3$ | $\frac{-3}{4}$ | $3$ |
| 10. | $\begin{aligned} & x-5 y=10 \\ & -x \quad-x \\ & \frac{-5 y}{-5}=\frac{-x}{-5}+\frac{10}{-5} \end{aligned}$ | $y=\frac{x}{5}-2$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $-2$ |
| 11. | $8 x-4 y=2$ |  |  |  |
| 12. | $-x+\frac{1}{2} y=7$ |  |  |  |

13. Looking for Patterns Explain a way you can get the slope from standard form without rewriting the equation. How about the $y$-intercept?

## Science Connection

Rearrange each equation for the indicated variable.

## Velocity

14. $V=\frac{d}{t}$, for $d$
15. $V=\frac{d}{t}$, for $t$

## Density

16. $\rho=\frac{m}{V}$, for $m$
17. $\rho=\frac{m}{V}$, for $V$

## Acceleration

18. $a=\frac{v_{f}-v_{i}}{t}$, for $t$
19. $a=\frac{v_{f}-v_{i}}{t}$, for $v_{f}$

## Momentum

20. $p=m V$, for $m$
21. $p=m V$, for $V$

## Angular Velocity

22. $\omega=\frac{\theta_{f}-\theta_{i}}{t}$, for $t$
23. $\omega=\frac{\theta_{f}-\theta_{i}}{t}$, for $\theta_{i}$

## Lesson Summary

The properties and reasoning used to solve equations apply regardless of how many variables appear in an equation or formula. Rearranging formulas to solve for a specific variable can be useful when solving applied problems.

Standard form of a linear equation: $A x+B y=C$
Slope-intercept form of a linear equation: $y=m x+b, m=$ slope, $b=y$-intercept $t$
Point-Intercept form of a linear equation: $y-y_{1}=m\left(x-x_{1}\right), m=$ slope, $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ is a point on the line.
$\qquad$ PERIOD: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$

## Homework Problem Set

For Problems 1-8, solve for $x$. Assume no variables equal 0.

| 1. $a x+3 b=2 f$ | 2. $r x+h=-k$ | 3. $3 p x=2 q(r-5)$ | 4. $\frac{x+b}{4}=c$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5 . \frac{x}{5}-7=2 q$ | $6 . \frac{2 x}{7}-\frac{x}{7}=a b$ | 7. $\frac{3 x}{m}-\frac{x}{m}=p$ | $8 . \frac{3 a x+2 b}{c}=4 d$ |

## Rewrite each linear equation in slope-intercept form.

9. $x=5 y-1$
10. $-4 x+y=17$
11. $3 x+6 y=7$
12. $4 y=8 x-14$
13. $-y=2 x$
14. $9 x-7 y=23$
15. The science teacher wrote three equations on a board that relate velocity, $V$, distance traveled, $d$, and the time to travel the distance, $t$.

$$
V=\frac{d}{t} \quad t=\frac{d}{V} \quad d=V t
$$

Would you need to memorize all three equations? Explain your reasoning.

Solve for $x$ in each equation. You may want to start with the equations on the right and then solve the equations on the left, using the same patterns.

| Equation Containing More Than One Variable | Related Equation |
| :--- | :--- |
| 16. Solve $a x+b=d-c x$ for $x$. | 17. Solve $3 x+4=6-5 x$ for $x$. |
| $\frac{a x}{b}+\frac{c x}{d}=e$ |  |
| 18. Solve for $x$. |  |

## Spiral REVIEW—Writing Equations and Finding Solutions

20. May and June were running at the track. May started first and ran at a steady pace of 1 mile every 11 minutes. June started 5 minutes later than May and ran at a steady pace of 1 mile every 9 minutes.
A. Sketch May and June distance-versus-time graphs on a coordinate plane at the right. Put a title on your graph, and include a legend.

B. Challenge Write linear equations that represent each girl's mileage in terms of time in minutes.
C. Who was the first person to run 3 miles?
D. Estimate when June passed May.
