LESSON 23

Parent Functions

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Today I am: watching a youTube Video about parent functions.
- So that I can: identify the most important aspects of each parent function.
- Fill know I have it when I can: determine the parent function of $f(x) = \sqrt{4x 1}$.

Opening Exercise

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- 1. Watch the YouTube video *Math Shorts #1 "Parent Functions"* at https://www.youtube.com/ watch?v=58ZmkhlanZA. Then answer the questions below.
 - A. List three facts from the video about all parent functions.

B. Complete the table of parent functions and their facts.

Name	Equation	Graph	One other fact about this function
Linear	<i>y</i> = X		 y=mx+b m = slope (steepness) b moves the line up or down.
Absolute Value	<i>y</i> = ×		 y = a x-h + k "a" steepness "h" -> horizontal shift "k" -> vertical shift vertex: (h, k)
Quadratic	y = X	- vertex	• y=ax +bx+c • "a" → narrow or wide • "c" → up or down: • vertex

The video showed three of the parent functions we'll be exploring in this lesson. Quadratic functions are one type that you may not have seen before. Quadratic functions are so important that the next module is devoted just to them. In the next activity, you'll use six of the most essential parent functions studied in algebra. And like quadratic functions there are some that you may have never seen before or only worked with slightly.

Matching Exploration—Parent Functions

You will need: Parent Functions activity cards

2. The *Parent Function* activity cards only contain the equations, tables of values and graphs of the six functions. Determine which cards go with each function and then fill in the chart below. Use the names of the functions to help you. There are no cards for domain and range. You'll need to determine those values on your own.

Linear	Quadratic	Absolute Value	Exponential	Square Root	Cubic
Equation:	Equation:	Equation:	Equation:	Equation:	Equation:
f(x) = X	$f(x)=x^{2}$	f(x)= (x)	f(x)=2x	$f(x)=\sqrt{x}$	$f(x) = x^3$
	\checkmark				
<i>x f</i> (<i>x</i>)					
-2 -2	-2 4	-2 2	-2 1/4	0 0	-2 -8
-1 -1	-1	-1	-1 1/2	1	-1 -1
0 🔿	0 🗢	0 🔿	0 1	4 2	0 🔿
1 1	1	1 (1 2	93	1 1
2 2	2 4	2 2	2 4	16 4	2 8
Graph:	Graph:	Graph:	Graph:	Graph:	Graph:
Domain:	Domain:	Domain:	Domain:	Domain:	Domain:
(∞ر∞-)	(-∞,∞)	(- ھرھ-)	(حمره-)	(مەر 0]	(-~,~)
Range:	Range:	Range:	Range:	Range:	Range:
(حمر 00-)	(ھر 0]	[0,∞)	(مر ٥)	(0,0)	(~~,~)

Lesson Summary			
Function Name	Parent Function	Graph of Parent Functions	
Linear	y = f(x) = x	y=x y=x y=x y=x y=x y=x y=x y=x	
Absolute Value	$\mathbf{y} = f(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x} $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Exponential	$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{b}^{\mathbf{x}}$	(0, 1)	

f(0) =

NAME: ______ PERIOD: _____ DATE: _____

f(0) =

Homework Problem Set

For each equation below, decide which parent function most closely resembles the given equation. Use the answer bank below for your choices. You may use the same parent function name multiple times.

	A. Linear	B. Quadratic	C. Absolute Value	D. Exponential	E. Square Root	F. Cubic
1.	f(x) = 2x +	3	2. $f(x) = 2x^3 + 1$	3	3. $f(x) = 2 x $ -	+ 3
4.	$f(x)=\sqrt{4x}$	-1	5. $f(x) = 4x - x $	1	6. $f(x) = 4^x -$	1
7.	f(x)=- x	+ 7	8. $f(x) = -x^2 +$	7	9. $f(x) = -x +$	- 7
For each function, calculate $f(1)$, $f(0)$ and $f(-1)$.						
10.	$f(x) = \sqrt{4x}$	-1	11. $f(x) = 4x -$	1 1	12. $f(x) = 4^x - $	1
	<i>f</i> (1) =		<i>f</i> (1) =		<i>f</i> (1) =	

f(-1) =f(-1) =f(-1) =

f(0) =

13. $f(x) = 2x + 3$	14. $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3$	15. $f(x) = 2 x + 3$
<i>f</i> (1) =	<i>f</i> (1) =	<i>f</i> (1) =
<i>f</i> (0) =	<i>f</i> (0) =	<i>f</i> (0) =
f(-1) =	f(-1) =	f(-1) =

16. f(x) = -|x| + 717. $f(x) = -x^2 + 7$ 18. f(x) = -x + 7f(1) =f(1) =f(1) =f(0) =f(0) =f(0) =f(-1) =f(-1) =f(-1) =

For Problems 19-24, match each graph with one of the equations from Problems 13-18.

