# **LESSON** What's My Transformation?

## LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- > Today I am: completing the Desmos activity, What's My Transformation?
- So that I can: describe how to move a function left, right, up, down or stretch it.
- ▶ I'll know I have it when I can: summarize my findings.

## **Opening Exercise**

Having the parent graphs can help us more accurately model real world data. To more accurately describe data, we'll learn how to move or transform the parent function.

### You will need: a class code for the Desmos activity What's My Transformation?, Chromebook

- 1. As you complete the Desmos activity, answer the questions below.
  - A. Screen 8 Take a moment to make some notes about how to move around the graph of a function f(x) using symbols instead of movable points.

	To move a function left or right, f(x+a) left a t(x-a) right a
	To move a function up or down, $f(x) + a up a f(x) - a down a$
В.	Screen 12 – Take a moment to make some notes about how to stretch the graph of a function $f(x)$ using symbols instead of movable points.
	To stretch a function vertically, $\alpha \neq (x)$ $\alpha > 1$
	To stretch a function horizontally, $f(ax)$ ocac1
	(lax)

2. Complete the Lesson Summary. For each sketch of the absolute value function, determine your own value for *k*, *h* and *a* for the transformation.

Type of Transformation	Academic Language for the Transformation	Resulting Effect	Resulting Expression	Sketch of Transformation					
Slide Up	Vertical Translation Up	Graph moves up $k$ units for $k > 0$ .	f(x) + k	k = 2					
Slide Down	Vertical Translation Down	Graph moves down k units for k > 0.	f(x) - k	k = 2					
Slide Right	Horizontal Translation Right	Graph moves right $h$ units for h > 0.	f(x - h)	h = 2					
Slide Left	Horizontal Translation Left	Graph moves left $h$ units for $h > 0$ .	f(x + h) ←	h = 2					
Flip Up or Down	Vertical Reflection	Graph is reflected over the <u>x-axis.</u>	-f(x)						
Flip Across	Horizontal Reflection	Graph is reflected over the y-axis.	f(-x)						
Stretch	Vertically	Graph is stretched vertically by a factor of $a$ , if a > 1.	a · f(x)	a = 2					
Shrink	Shrink Vertically	Graph is compressed vertically by a factor of a, if	a • f(x)						

ax-hl+k

**Unit 7** Transformations of Functions and Modeling **Lesson 24** What's My Transformation?

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NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_ PERIOD: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

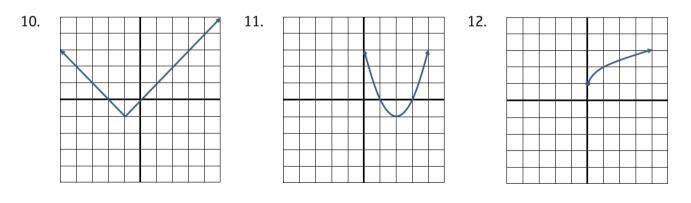
Homework Problem Set Order of transformation, - horizontal shift - vertice horizontal stretch (shrink

For each equation below, state the parent graph and the transformations of the parent graph that is described by the equation that is described by the equation.

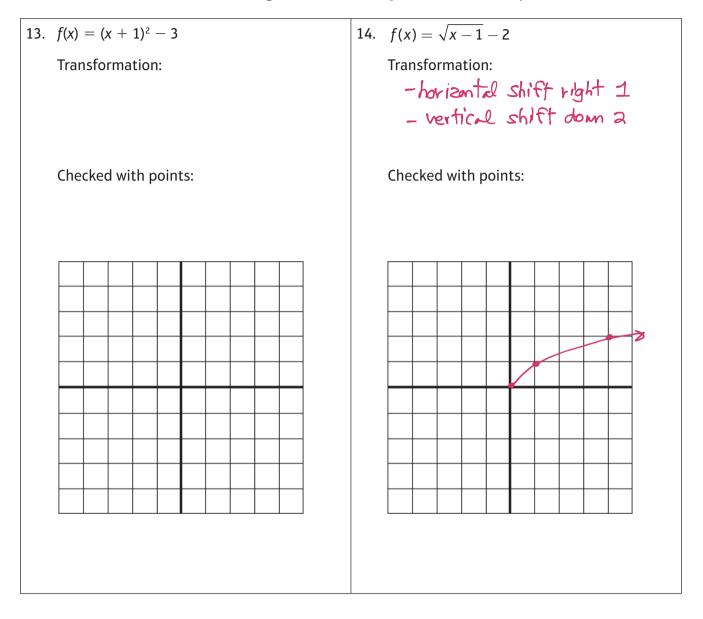
2.  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 3$  3. f(x) = 2|x| + 31. f(x) = 2x + 3- vertical stretch w/ factor of 2 - vertical shift 3 units up 4.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1}$ 5. f(x) = |x-1|6.  $f(x) = 2^x - 1$ right one unit.

7. f(x) = -|x| + 7 8.  $f(x) = -x^2 + 7$  9. f(x) = -x + 7

#### Write an equation for each graph below. Then use at least three values of x to check your equation. Plot those points in your graph.



Graph the parent graph of each with a solid curve. State the transformation described by each equation and then graph the equation with a dotted curve. Check your graph by choosing two or three values of *x* and substituting them into the equation to find the *y*-value.



15.	f(x) =	= (x	- 1)	3 +	1		 		16.	f(x	) =	<b>X</b> –	- 4								
	Tran									Trar				1:							
	Chec	ked	with	i poi	nts:					Che	cke	d wi	th p	oin	ts:						
				1																	
						I															

