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Name
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The dot plots below show the average heights of four-year-olds (in inches). The graph on the left shows the data of several girls, the graph on the right shows the data of several boys.



- 1. How many girls were measured? How many boys?
- 2. Do girls or boys have a greater standard deviation? Explain.
- 3. What is the mean, median, and mode for the boys?

- 4. Is the mean or median higher for the girls?
- 5. Is the boys' data best described as symmetric, skewed left, or skewed right?
- 6. Jane is the shortest girl. How tall is Jane?
- 7. If each of the boys was taller by exactly one inch, what would the new mean be? (Do not redo calculations.)
- 8. If each of the boys was taller by exactly one inch, what would happen to the standard deviation? Explain.

The box plots below show the average daily temperature (in degrees Fahrenheit) for each month of the year in three different cities.



11. Your friend Max wants to move to one of these three cities and he prefers warm/hot weather. Which city would you recommend that he move to? Support your answer with statistics.

The histogram below shows the heights of 30 people in cm.



- 12. How many people are between 179.5-189.5 cm?
- 13. How many people are shorter than 159.5 cm?

14. Is this distribution best described as symmetric, skewed left, or skewed right?

15. How many people are exactly 160 cm tall?

Answer Key

1. 10 girls, 10 boys	2. Boys have a	3. Mean = 40	4. They are the	5. Symmetric
	greater standard	Median = 40	same; they are both	
	deviation since their	Mode = 40	40.	
	data is spread out			
	more, farther from			
	the mean.			
6. 38 inches	7. 41 inches	8. The standard	9. 44 degrees	10. 64 degrees
		deviation would not	Fahrenheit	Fahrenheit
		change since the		
		points would be the		
		same distance from		
		the mean.		
11. Max should	12. 2 people	13. 15 people	14. Skewed right	15. Can't tell since
move to Tucson				histograms don't
since it has the				show exact values.
highest median and				
maximum				
temperatures.				