

HW24 - Matrix Unit 4+ Test Review

Name _____ Per _____

Use the four matrices below for the following problems #1-8.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 2 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

1. AB

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 2 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$2 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 3$

2. A^2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 2 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 \\ 2 & -10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 31 & -15 \\ -10 & 106 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. The inverse of A

$$|A| = -50 - 6 = -56$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{-1}{56} \begin{bmatrix} -10 & -3 \\ -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{28} & \frac{3}{56} \\ \frac{1}{28} & -\frac{5}{56} \end{bmatrix}$$

4. $B+D$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 9 & -1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 11 & 2 & -2 \\ -3 & 8 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. DA

↓

$$(2 \times 3) (2 \times 2)$$

Not possible

6. AD

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 10 & 27 & -41 \\ 2 & -10 & 4 & -34 & 62 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 27 & -41 \\ 4 & -34 & 62 \end{bmatrix}$$

7. $D-3B$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix} - 3 \begin{bmatrix} 9 & -1 & 2 \\ -3 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & -7 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -27 & 3 & -6 \\ 9 & -12 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -25 & 6 & -10 \\ 9 & -8 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. The determinant of A

$$-56$$

Simplify. Write "undefined" for expressions that are undefined.

$$9) \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$10) \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -5 & 0 \\ 6 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 7 & -2 \\ -5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$11) 3 \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ -6 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 15 \\ -18 & 18 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$12) -4 \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -24 & 8 \\ 12 & -20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$13) \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -2 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$14) 2 \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -2 & -4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -5 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -10 & -4 & -8 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 & 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$15) \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 0 \\ -5 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -6 \\ -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 0 \\ -5 & -6 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -6 \\ -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix} & \\ \hline \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 36 \\ 35 & 18 \end{bmatrix} & & \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 36 \\ 35 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$16) \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & -5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 3 \\ -4 & 5 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & -5 \\ 1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} & \\ \hline \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -13 & 29 \\ 5 & -11 & 35 \end{bmatrix} & & \end{array} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -13 & 29 \\ 5 & -11 & 35 \end{bmatrix}$$

Evaluate each determinant.

$$17) \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 3 & -5 \end{vmatrix} = -15 - 3 = -18$$

$$18) \begin{vmatrix} -5 & 5 \\ -5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -10 - (-25)$$

$$= -10 + 25$$

$$= 15$$

Find the inverse of each matrix.

$$19) \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 6 \\ 10 & -6 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{60 - 60} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -6 \\ -10 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

= undefined

Inverse does not exist

$$20) \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 9 \\ 6 & -6 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{60 - 54} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -9 \\ -6 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \begin{bmatrix} -6 & -9 \\ -6 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3/2 \\ -1 & -5/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use the table below to answer the following questions #21-24. It shows the number of hair scrunchies the moms on the soccer team can make for their girls in 15 minutes.

Scrunchie type	Mom #1	Mom #2	Mom #3	Mom #4
Plain green	2	3	2	4
Fancy glittery/gold	1	2	2	1

21. Create a matrix A for this data.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = A$$

22. What does $3A$ represent?

the number of hair scrunchies the moms can make in 45 minutes
(15x3)

23. Which cell gives the number of green scrunchies made by Mom #3 in 15 minutes?

$a_{1,3}$

24. What does the cell $a_{2,4}$ represent in the matrix?

the number of glittery/gold hair scrunchies mom # 4 can make

For #25-26, use $A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 5 \\ -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$. -----Now use a **calculator** on the rest!!!-----

25. If $A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$, what are the original two equations?

$$6x + 5y = -10$$

$$-x + 4y = -8$$

$$|A| = 24 + 5 = 29$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{29} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -5 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

26. If $A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$, what are the values of x and y?

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4/29 & -5/29 \\ 1/29 & 6/29 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -40/29 + 40/29 \\ -10/29 - 48/29 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Use the information for #27-28. Matrix A is a 180 degrees rotational matrix and Matrix B gives the coordinates of the shape shown.

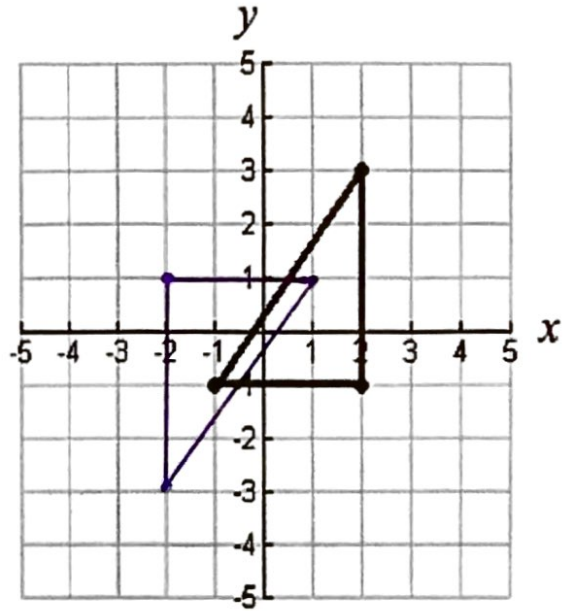
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x \\ y \end{matrix}$$

27. Calculate AB

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$2 \times 2 \qquad 2 \times 3$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -2 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



28. Graph the coordinates given by AB on the grid.

The Disney friends are hosting various dinner parties around the holidays. There are 3 catering services that they are looking into (Stonefire, Rattlers, and Woodranch). Below are the requirements for the parties.

Party/Food	Tri-Tip	Chicken	Breadsticks	Pasta
Minnie's Christmas fun night	3	7	2	1
Daisy's Hanukkah celebration	6	0	8	3
Goofy's New Year bash	2	5	3	2

Food/Cost per person	Stonefire	Rattlers	Woodranch
Tri-Tip	\$5.55	\$6.75	\$7
Chicken	\$5	\$4.95	\$5.25
Breadsticks	\$0.90	\$1	\$0.50
Pasta	\$5.25	\$4.60	\$4

29. Use matrices to determine the cost of each party using each catering service.

$$\begin{matrix} \text{Minnie} \\ \text{Daisy} \\ \text{Goofy} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 7 & 2 & 1 \\ 6 & 0 & 8 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5.55 & 6.75 & 7 \\ 5 & 4.95 & 5.25 \\ 0.90 & 1 & 0.50 \\ 5.25 & 4.60 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} \text{Stonefire} & \text{Rattlers} & \text{Woodranch} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 58.70 & 61.50 & 62.75 \\ 56.25 & 62.30 & 58 \\ 49.30 & 50.45 & 49.75 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

30. Which catering service should Goofy use? Explain your answer.

Stonefire is the cheapest for Goofy at \$49.30

Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4 \\ -10 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ find each of the following.

31. If $A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$, then write the original equations.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -4 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x - 2y = -10$$

$$-4x + 6y = 20$$

$$|A| = 12 - 8 = 4$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/2 & 1/2 \\ 1 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

32. If $A \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$, then solve the equations.

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 & 2 \times 1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 3/2 & 1/2 \\ 1 & 1/2 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \cdot (3/2) + 20 \cdot (1/2) \\ -10 \cdot (1) + 20 \cdot (1/2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -15 + 10 \\ -10 + 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

33. If $B \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$, what are the original equations?

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4 \\ -10 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-9x + 4y = 10$$

$$-10x + 5y = 10$$

$$|B| = -45 - (-40) = -5$$

$$B^{-1} = -\frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -4 \\ 10 & -9 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4/5 \\ -2 & 9/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

34. If $B \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$, then what is the value of x and y?

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4/5 \\ -2 & 9/5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 + 10 \cdot (4/5) \\ -20 + 10 \cdot (9/5) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 + 8 \\ -20 + 18 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$